ALLANGRAY

ANNUAL REPORT ALLAN GRAY AFRICA BOND FUND LIMITED

31 DECEMBER 2024

Contents	Schedule of net assets	1
	Approval of the annual financial statements	2
	Independent auditor's report	3

Statement of cash flows

Statement of financial position	7
Statement of comprehensive income	8

Statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of	Ç
redeemable shares	

Notes to the annual financial statements	11

10

SCHEDULE OF NET ASSETS

As at 31 December 2024

Number held	Instrument (grouped by sector)	Market value US\$	% of Fund
	GOVERNMENT	192 754 054	60.6%
35 550 000	Ivory Coast 6.875% 2040 Eurobond	32 324 540	10.1%
22 500 000	Republic Of Senegal 7.75% 2031 Eurobond	20 473 093	6.4%
20 300 000	Egypt 7.903% 2048 Eurobond	14 927 461	4.7%
14 700 000	Benin 6.875% 2052 Eurobond	12 945 397	4.1%
46 260 000 000	Uganda Government Bond 17% Senior 2031	12 944 627	4.1%
11 000 000	Egypt 8.5% 2047 Eurobond	8 549 139	2.7%
8 700 000	Ivory Coast 8.25% 2037 Eurobond	8 468 602	2.7%
520 000 000	TBill Egypt 18/03/2025	8 372 814	2.6%
9 500 000	Egypt 8.875% 2050 Eurobond	7 590 270	2.4%
198 820 000	Zambia 21.49% 2029	7 418 575	2.3%
9 391 660	Ghana Step-Up (Amortising) Eurobond 2035	7 048 333	2.2%
270 000 000	Egypt 25.318% 2027	5 378 819	1.7%
92 500 000	Namibia 10.25% 2050	4 419 901	1.4%
4 464 890	Ghana Step-Up (Amortising) Eurobond 2029	4 064 328	1.3%
9 842 123 198	Holdings less than 1%	37 828 155	11.9%
	CORPORATES	111 117 603	34.8%
46 000 000	Seplat 7.75% 2026 Eurobond	45 921 359	14.4%
19 400 000	Panoro Energy 10.25% 2029 Eurobond	19 396 954	6.1%
16 114 000	Tullow 10.25% Secured 2026 Eurobond	13 951 204	4.4%
12 400 000	Absa AT1 6.375% 2026 Eurobond	12 197 498	3.8%
10 000 000	Sasol 5.5% 2031 Eurobond	8 497 352	2.7%
6 950 000	Kosmos Energy 7.75% 2027 Eurobond	6 749 094	2.1%
4 500 000	Kosmos Energy 7.5% 2028 Eurobond	4 268 211	1.3%
142 815	Holdings less than 1%	135 931	0.0%
	CASH AND NET ACCRUALS	14 799 248	4.6%
	NET ASSETS	318 670 905	100%

 $Note: There \ may \ be \ slight \ discrepancies \ in \ the \ totals \ due \ to \ rounding. \ The \ bonds \ have \ been \ disclosed \ exclusive \ of \ interest \ receivable.$

APPROVAL OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 31 December 2024

The directors of the Fund are responsible for the preparation of the annual financial statements and related financial information included in this report.

The annual financial statements, which comprise the financial position as at 31 December 2024 and its financial performance and cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2024, are set out on pages 7 to 30 and have been approved by the directors of the Fund and are signed on its behalf by:

John Collis

Director

24 March 2025

Craig Bodenstab

Director

24 March 2025

The Board of Directors of Allan Gray Africa Bond Fund Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Allan Gray Africa Bond Fund Limited (the "Fund") which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, as well as notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards)* (IESBA Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities of the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

Risk:

Valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The valuation of the Fund's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is a key audit matter because it significantly impacts the Fund's performance and net asset value and is quantitatively significant to the Fund. We have thus assessed the Fund's investments in financial assets as an area of higher risk of material misstatement due to the complexity in determining the fair value.

As of 31 December 2024, the Fund's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss amounted to US\$303,871,656. Financial assets include money market instruments and bonds. As disclosed in Notes 1.3.7 and 6.2 to the financial statements, the Fund records its investments in financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss based on a quoted price in an active market. For all other financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate valuation techniques.

Our response to the risk:

We evaluated management's valuation methodology applied to determine the fair value of the Fund's financial assets and performed the following procedures, among others.

For the Fund's investments in money market instruments and bonds, we compared the values recorded by the Fund to independently quoted prices, observable trades and/or vendor prices. For those investments not based on quoted market prices, we assessed the reasonableness of management's valuation methodology and compared data inputs used by management to independent sources.

We independently recalculated the fair value of all financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss which we compared to the Fund's recorded fair value.

Other information included in the Fund's 2024 Annual Report

Other information consists of the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and the Board of Directors for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Board of Directors those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund and the Board of Directors as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
 a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The partner in charge of the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Jessel Mendes.

Hamilton, Bermuda 24 March 2025

Ernet + Young Ltd.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2024

	Note	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2	303 871 656	289 487 067
Cash and cash equivalents		8 876 408	11 356 237
Trade and other receivables	3	8 388 331	8 715 064
TOTAL ASSETS		321 136 395	309 558 368
LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	4	2 465 490	83 200
TOTAL LIABILITIES, EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE SHARES		2 465 490	83 200
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE SHARES		318 670 905	309 475 168

The above Statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Note	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
NET INVESTMENT INCOME		35 658 523	44 484 424
Interest income		30 234 346	27 485 593
Unrealised gains on investments		8 404 246	32 564 621
Realised losses on disposal of investments		(3 089 456)	(13 740 179)
Commitment fee income		370 450	-
Foreign exchange losses		(261 063)	(1 825 611)
OPERATING EXPENSES		(378 799)	(383 523)
Custodian fees		(145 976)	(171 612)
Management fees	1.3.2	(143 236)	(146 776)
Audit fees		(38 018)	(32 036)
Directors' fees		(15 000)	(15 000)
Bank charges		(1 127)	(387)
Other expenses		(35 442)	(17 712)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR BEFORE TAXES		35 279 724	44 100 901
Withholding and other taxes		(1 024 470)	(811 807)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		34 255 254	43 289 094

The above Statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE SHARES

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Note	Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares US\$	Number of shares in issue
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2022		329 816 620	2 192 223
Net capital redemptions	7	(63 630 546)	(420 616)
Total comprehensive income for the year		43 289 094	-
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2023		309 475 168	1 771 607
Net capital redemptions	7	(25 059 517)	(138 235)
Total comprehensive income for the year		34 255 254	-
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2024		318 670 905	1 633 372

The above Statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Note	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net cash outflow from operations before working capital changes	5.1	(8 349)	(383 523)
Working capital changes	5.2	(17 148)	31 031
Interest received, net of withholding tax		29 413 920*	29 148 701
NET CASH GENERATED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		29 388 423	28 796 209
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of investments		(167 187 517)	(117 559 798)
Receipts from sale and maturity of investments		160 639 845	154 359 238
NET CASH (UTILISED IN)/GENERATED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(6 547 672)	36 799 440
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Redemption of redeemable shares		(27 359 610)	(68 296 241)
Proceeds from issue of redeemable shares		2 300 093	4 665 696
NET CASH UTILISED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(25 059 517)	(63 630 545)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(2 218 766)	1 965 104
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		11 356 237	11 216 744
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(261 063)	(1 825 611)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		8 876 408	11 356 237

The above Statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

^{*}Interest received is presented net of non-cash transactions amounting to (US\$121 080) as a result of corporate actions within the Fund.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Corporate information

Allan Gray Africa Bond Fund Limited (the 'Fund') was incorporated on 16 November 2012 and is a limited liability company of unlimited duration under the laws of Bermuda. The Fund was launched to the public on 27 March 2013 and is a Bermuda exempted Mutual Fund Company. The investment manager of the Fund is Allan Gray Bermuda Limited (the 'Investment Manager'). Allan Gray Proprietary Limited, a fellow subsidiary within the Allan Gray group, is the Investment Adviser to the Fund.

The financial statements of the Fund were authorised for issue by the directors of the Fund on 24 March 2025.

1. Accounting standards and policies

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, using the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at either fair value or amortised cost, in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IFRS Accounting Standards'). These financial statements are presented in US dollars, being the functional currency of the Fund.

1.2 IFRS Accounting Standards

The Fund has adopted all new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ('IFRIC') of the IASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for the year ended 31 December 2024.

The material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below and are in accordance with and comply with IFRS Accounting Standards.

A number of other changes, that are effective for the accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024, have been issued by the IASB and IFRIC. However, these are not considered to have a material impact on the Fund's operations.

The following new or revised IFRS Accounting Standards, interpretations and amendments applicable to the Fund have been issued but are not yet effective:

	Standards	Effective date: Years beginning on/after	Impact
IAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability - Amendments	1 January 2025	No material impact
IFRS 9 & IFRS 7	Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments - Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7	1 January 2026	No material impact
IFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements – New standard	1 January 2027	No material impact

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Fund intends to adopt these new and amended standards and interpretations, if applicable, when they become effective.

1.3 Accounting policies

The Fund has identified the accounting policies that are most significant to its operations and the understanding of its results. These accounting policies are set out below and have been consistently applied.

1.3.1 Net investment income

Net investment income comprises interest income, foreign currency gains and losses and realised and unrealised gains and losses on investments.

Interest income

Interest is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income using the effective interest method.

Investment gains and losses

Changes in the fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss, and realised gains or losses made on the disposal of these financial assets, calculated using the average cost method, are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

1.3.2 Management fee

The management fee is the fee accrued by the Fund to the Investment Manager for the management of the Fund. Management fees are calculated and accrued based on the weekly net asset value of the share class and recognised on an accrual basis in the Statement of comprehensive income. Further details relating to the management fee calculation are disclosed in Note 8.

1.3.3 Expenses

Any interest expense is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method. All other expenses are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income on an accrual basis.

1.3.4 Distributions to holders of redeemable shares

Distributions from the Fund will be automatically reinvested in additional redeemable shares, unless a holder of redeemable shares requests in writing that any income distributions be paid to them. Distributions to holders of redeemable shares are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

1.3.5 Taxation

There is no income tax, corporation tax, profits tax, withholding tax, capital gains tax, capital transfer tax, estate or stamp duty or inheritance tax in Bermuda payable by the Fund or its members in respect of shares in the Fund. The government of Bermuda has undertaken that in the event that any income, profit, capital, capital gains, estate or inheritance taxes are levied in Bermuda in the future, the Fund and its shares will be exempt from such taxes until 31 March 2035.

Income and capital gains on the Fund's investments, however, may be subject to taxes in certain countries.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Fund evaluates tax positions to determine whether, for all tax years still subject to assessment or challenge by the relevant taxation authorities, the tax positions are probable to be accepted on examination by the relevant tax authorities. If it is probable that the Fund's tax positions will be accepted, the taxable profit/tax loss should be consistent with the Fund's tax filings. If it is not probable, the Fund must reflect the effect of the uncertainty in determining its taxable profit/tax loss. The effect of the uncertain tax treatment is determined by applying either the expected value method or the most likely method.

The Fund has analysed its tax positions at and for the year ended 31 December 2024, and has concluded that no asset/liability relating to tax positions that are certain, should be recorded. There are no uncertain tax positions. Additionally, the Fund has recorded withholding and other taxes applicable to certain income types.

1.3.6 Income adjustments

Income adjustments on creation/cancellation of shares represent the income portion of the price received or paid when shares are created or cancelled. The income portion of the price received by the Fund on creation of shares is, in effect, a payment by shareholders for entitlement to a distribution of income that was earned by the Fund before they joined. The income portion of the price paid to shareholders when shares are cancelled is, in effect, compensation for the income distribution they will forfeit when exiting the Fund before the distribution date. Income adjustments on creation/cancellation of shares are classified as equity transactions and are recognised as net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares from transactions in shares in the Statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares, when shares are purchased and sold.

1.3.7 Financial instruments: Financial assets and liabilities

Classification

Financial assets

The Fund determines the classification of its financial assets on initial recognition, when it becomes a party to the contract governing the instrument. The classification depends on how the Fund manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss when:

- They are held for trading; or
- The contractual cash flows do not represent solely payments of principal and interest; or
- Designated as such upon initial recognition to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency.

The Fund classifies its investments in debt instruments as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial instruments designated as at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition comprises debt instruments that are not held for trading. These financial assets are designated upon initial recognition on the basis that they are part of a group of financial assets that are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the risk management and investment strategies of the Fund, as set out in the Fund's offering document.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Fund classifies financial assets at amortised cost when:

- The financial asset is held with the objective to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Financial assets at amortised cost comprise cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables, which include interest receivable and other receivables, which are short-term in nature. Amortised cost approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of the financial assets.

Financial liabilities

The Fund determines the classification of its financial liabilities on initial recognition, when it becomes a party to the contract governing the instrument, according to the nature and purpose of the financial instrument.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss when:

- They are held for trading; and
- They are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

All financial liabilities not classified at fair value through profit or loss are classified as financial liabilities at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its trade and other payables and distributions payable as financial liabilities at amortised cost. Trade and other payables include other payables and amounts due to brokers, which are short-term in nature. Amortised cost approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of the financial liabilities.

Recognition and measurement

A 'regular way' contract is one that requires the delivery of an asset within the time frame established, generally by regulation or convention within the marketplace concerned. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting. Trade date accounting refers to (a) the recognition of an asset to be received and the liability to pay for it on the trade date, and (b) derecognition of an asset that is sold, recognition of any gain or loss on disposal and the recognition of a receivable from the buyer for payment on the trade date. The trade date is the date that an entity commits itself to purchase or to sell an asset.

Financial instruments are recognised on the trade date at fair value, plus, in the case of assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities designated as at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, investments at fair value through profit or loss are marked to market on a daily basis with changes in fair value taken through the Statement of comprehensive income as gains or losses. Attributable transaction costs are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income as incurred.

Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost are measured initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Amortised cost approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income when financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost are derecognised or impaired, and through the amortisation process.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised where:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Fund has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset; or
- The Fund has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either (a) the Fund has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

Impairment of financial assets

The Fund assesses at each reporting date whether an allowance for expected credit losses ('ECL') should be recognised. The ECL allowance does not require any trigger event to occur but rather relies on an expectation of future losses.

Assets carried at amortised cost

The allowance for ECL is determined based on the difference between the contractual cash flows and the cash flows expected to be received, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Fund applies a simplified approach in determining the ECL based on, among other criteria, its historical credit loss experience, days past due of trade and other receivables and consideration of forward-looking factors specific to the counterparty and economic environment. The exposure has been assessed and concluded to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

A financial asset is classified as in default when the contractual payments are 30 days past due, unless there is specific information indicating that the Fund is unlikely to receive the outstanding amounts. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows. The Fund holds trade receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months. All trade receivables are expected to be received within 30 days.

Determination of fair value

Financial instruments carried at fair value are valued based on a quoted market price. For all financial instruments that are not valued based on a quoted market price, the fair value is determined by using appropriate valuation techniques. An analysis of fair values of financial instruments and further details as to how they are measured, are provided in Note 6.2.

Offsetting financial instruments

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset, and the net amount is presented in the Statement of financial position, only when the Fund currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expense items are only offset to the extent that their related instruments have been offset in the Statement of financial position.

1.3.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. Balances held for the purposes of meeting short-term cash commitments, rather than for investment or other purposes, are current assets and disclosed separately on the face of the Statement of financial position.

1.3.9 Amounts due from and to brokers

Amounts due from and to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased (in a regular way transaction) that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the Statement of financial position date. These are included in trade and other receivables, and in trade and other payables, respectively.

A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker.

1.3.10 Foreign currencies

The Fund's functional currency is the US dollar, which is the currency in which the performance of the Fund is evaluated and its liquidity is managed. Foreign currency items are recorded at the exchange rate ruling on the transaction date

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to US dollars at rates of exchange ruling at the Statement of financial position date or when settled. Gains and losses arising from the translation of these monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Realised and unrealised foreign currency gains and losses on investments measured at fair value through profit or loss are included in the Statement of comprehensive income in realised gains or losses on disposal of investments and gains or losses on investments, respectively. Realised and unrealised foreign currency gains and losses on all other financial instruments denominated in foreign currencies are included in the Statement of comprehensive income in foreign exchange gains or losses.

1.3.11 Redeemable shares and net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares

Shares issued by the Fund are classified as financial liabilities and disclosed as net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares. The value of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares is what is commonly known as the capital value of the Fund. This financial liability (as defined by IAS 32) represents the holders' right to a residual interest in the Fund's net assets.

1.3.12 Critical judgement in applying the Fund's accounting policies

The preparation of the Fund's financial statements requires the directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in the future.

Fair value

When the fair value of financial assets and liabilities recorded in the Statement of financial position cannot be derived from quoted market prices, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques. Refer to Note 6.2.

1.3.13 Events subsequent to year end

There were no significant events subsequent to year end up to the date of approval of these financial statements.

2. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Bonds	291 531 817	283 575 487
Money market instruments	12 339 839	5 911 580
TOTAL	303 871 656	289 487 067

3. Trade and other receivables

Interest receivable, net of withholding tax	8 371 486	8 696 610
Other receivables	16 845	18 454
TOTAL	8 388 331	8 715 064

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

4. Trade and other payables

	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
Amounts due to brokers	2 401 046	-
Other payables	64 444	83 200
TOTAL	2 465 490	83 200

5. Notes to the Statement of cash flows

5.1 Net cash outflow from operations before working capital changes

	2024 US\$	2023 US\$
Total comprehensive income for the year	34 255 254	43 289 094
ADJUSTMENTS		
Realised losses on disposal of investments	3 089 456	13 740 179
Unrealised gains on investments	(8 404 246)	(32 564 621)
Foreign exchange losses	261 063	1 825 611
Interest income, net of withholding tax	(29 209 876)	(26 673 786)
TOTAL	(8 349)	(383 523)

5.2 Working capital changes

TOTAL	(17 148)	31 031
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(18 757)	49 485
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	1 609	(18 454)

6. Financial instruments

Details of the material accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset and financial liability, are disclosed in Note 1 to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Categorisation of financial instruments at 31 December 2024

	Financial assets measured at amortised cost US\$	Financial assets measured at fair value US\$	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost US\$	Total US\$
ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	303 871 656	-	303 871 656
Cash and cash equivalents	8 876 408	-	-	8 876 408
Trade and other receivables	8 388 331	-	-	8 388 331
TOTAL ASSETS	17 264 739	303 871 656	-	321 136 395
LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables	-	-	2 465 490	2 465 490
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	-	2 465 490	2 465 490

Categorisation of financial instruments at 31 December 2023

	Financial assets measured at amortised cost US\$	Financial assets measured at fair value US\$	Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost US\$	Total US\$
ASSETS				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	289 487 067	-	289 487 067
Cash and cash equivalents	11 356 237	-	-	11 356 237
Trade and other receivables	8 715 064	-	-	8 715 064
TOTAL ASSETS	20 071 301	289 487 067	-	309 558 368
LIABILITIES				
Trade and other payables	-	-	83 200	83 200
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	-	83 200	83 200

6.1 Financial risk management policies and objectives

The Fund's investment portfolio comprises interest-bearing securities, cash and cash equivalents, government debt and corporate debt where the underlying asset is a debt security. The Fund may invest in listed and unlisted securities as well as unrated securities and these securities may be denominated in local or foreign currency.

The Fund invests in a focused portfolio of assets that are selected for their perceived superior fundamental value and expected risk and return profile. The Fund seeks to take advantage of opportunities that arise and may invest a substantial portion of the assets in a single country or region rather than a diversified portfolio of assets with exposure to a basket of African countries.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

The Fund defines 'African Securities' as debt securities issued by African governments, African public entities, African local authorities, African development agencies and non-African development institutions and corporate issuers, where the funds raised are earmarked for use in Africa. Corporate issuers include companies domiciled or geographically located in Africa and/or companies domiciled outside Africa with significant business interests in Africa. The Fund's asset allocation will be flexible among the various fixed income asset classes. The Fund's investing activities expose holders of Fund shares to various types of risk that are associated with the financial instruments and markets in which the Fund invests.

Market risk

Market risk is defined as the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices and includes interest rate, foreign currency and other price risks.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Fund is exposed to interest rate risk as it invests in interest-bearing instruments. The Investment Manager manages the Fund's exposure to interest rates in accordance with the Fund's investment objectives and policies.

The Fund does not hedge interest rate risk. Instead the Investment Manager tries to mitigate interest rate risk by monitoring the duration and term of the Fund compared to its benchmark, and relative to the long-term outlook on interest rate levels. Interest rate risk is linked to foreign currency risk, as currency weakness typically results in inflationary pressure which, in turn, poses significant upside risk to the outlook for interest rates. Where the Investment Manager believes there is an outlook for higher interest rates, the Investment Manager would look to manage this through lowering the duration in the portfolio.

The following tables illustrate the effect of reasonably possible changes in prevailing interest rates, with all other variables held constant. Modified duration is used to estimate the change in the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares as a result of a change in interest rates. The actual results may differ from the sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material. The disclosure provides information on the risks to which holders of redeemable shares are exposed and is not indicative of future performance.

2024	Sensitivity to changes in interest rates US\$				
	Investment value	+ or - 0.50%	+ or - 1.00%		
MONEY MARKET INSTRUMENTS	12 339 839	12 372	24 743		
Denominated in Egyptian pound	12 339 839	12 372	24 743		
GILTS AND SEMI-GILTS	291 531 817	6 641 826	13 283 653		
Denominated in US dollar	194 218 485	4 424 785	8 849 569		
Denominated in Euro	49 523 461	1 128 269	2 256 537		
Denominated in Ugandan shilling	15 434 879	351 645	703 291		
Denominated in Zambian kwacha	12 732 331	290 074	580 149		
Denominated in Namibian dollar	8 685 479	197 877	395 754		
Denominated in Ghanaian cedi	5 558 363	126 633	253 267		
Denominated in Egyptian pound	5 378 819	122 543	245 086		

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

2024	Sensitivity to changes in interest rates US\$			
	Investment value	+ or - 0.50%	+ or - 1.00%	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	8 876 408	44 382	88 764	
Denominated in US dollar	5 453 729	27 269	54 537	
Denominated in Egyptian pound	2 718 258	13 591	27 183	
Denominated in South African rand	266 392	1 332	2 664	
Denominated in Nigerian naira	136 824	684	1 368	
Denominated in Euro	122 376	612	1 224	
Denominated in Namibian dollar	110 771	554	1 108	
Denominated in Ghanaian cedi	27 394	137	274	
Denominated in Kenyan shilling	24 750	124	248	
Denominated in Zambian kwacha	12 411	62	124	
Denominated in Malawian kwacha	2 817	14	28	
Denominated in Ugandan shilling	439	2	4	
Denominated in Botswanan pula	215	1	2	
Denominated in Canadian dollar	32	-	-	

Coupon rates on bonds range between 4.625% and 25.318% (2023: 0.01% and 10.01%).

2023	Sensitivity to changes in interest rates US\$			
	Investment value	+ or - 0.50%	+ or - 1.00%	
MONEY MARKET INSTRUMENTS	5 911 580	975	1 951	
Denominated in Egyptian pound	5 911 580	975	1 951	
GILTS AND SEMI-GILTS	283 575 487	7 730 124	15 460 248	
Denominated in US dollar	144 051 148	3 926 761	7 853 522	
Denominated in Euro	87 914 385	2 396 502	4 793 003	
Denominated in Ugandan shilling	28 160 531	767 642	1 535 284	
Denominated in South African rand	23 449 423	639 219	1 278 439	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	11 356 237	56 781	113 562	
Denominated in US dollar	10 003 054	50 015	100 031	
Denominated in Egyptian pound	520 771	2 604	5 208	
Denominated in Ugandan shilling	378 819	1 894	3 788	
Denominated in Nigerian naira	222 677	1 113	2 227	
Denominated in South African rand	95 196	476	952	
Denominated in Ghanaian cedi	34 430	172	344	
Denominated in Euro	34 014	170	340	
Denominated in Namibian dollar	24 506	123	245	
Denominated in Kenyan shilling	20 441	102	204	
Denominated in Zambian kwacha	19 168	96	192	
Denominated in Malawian kwacha	2 902	15	29	
Denominated in Botswanan pula	224	1	2	
Denominated in Canadian dollar	35	-	-	

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Foreign currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies and hence is exposed to the effects of exchange rate fluctuations.

The Investment Manager's primary concern in managing the Fund is the risk of permanent capital loss. As such the Investment Manager is cognisant of all macro and political risks, including any currency devaluation risk. This risk is incorporated in the assessment of the attractiveness of the securities the Fund invests in. As part of the investment research, the Investment Manager also determines what is believed to be the long-term fair value of each currency in which the Fund invests. As part of this analysis, the Investment Manager looks at which markets are in a period of currency weakness or strength alongside what level of currency risk the markets are pricing in relative to history. For long-term investors, the ability to find cheap assets in discounted macro-weak environments can help to mitigate the currency risk.

The following tables indicate the currencies to which the Fund had exposure at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 on its monetary financial assets and liabilities. They illustrate the effect of reasonably possible changes in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The actual results may differ from the sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material. The disclosure provides information on the risks to which holders of redeemable shares are exposed and is not indicative of future performance.

A positive number indicates a decrease in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares where the US dollar strengthens against the relevant currency. For a weakening of the US dollar against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares, and the balances below would be negative.

Currency impact in US\$						
EFFECT ON NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE SHARES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024						
Currency		Financial asset US\$	+/- 5%	+/- 10%	+/- 20%	
Botswanan pula	BWP	215	11	22	43	
Canadian dollar	CAD	32	2	3	6	
Egyptian pound	EGP	19 669 784	983 489	1 966 978	3 933 957	
Euro	EUR	51 396 228	2 569 811	5 139 623	10 279 246	
Ghanaian cedi	GHS	5 896 023	294 801	589 602	1 179 205	
Kenyan shilling	KES	24 750	1 238	2 475	4 950	
Malawian kwacha	MWK	2 817	141	282	563	
Namibian dollar	NAD	9 194 033	459 702	919 403	1 838 807	
Nigerian naira	NGN	112 877	5 644	11 288	22 575	
Ugandan shilling	UGX	15 908 311	795 416	1 590 831	3 181 662	
South African rand	ZAR	266 392	13 320	26 639	53 278	
Zambian kwacha	ZMW	13 107 371	655 369	1 310 737	2 621 474	
			5 778 944	11 557 883	23 115 766	

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Currency impact in US\$							
EFFECT ON NET ASSETS A	EFFECT ON NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE SHARES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023						
Currency		Financial asset US\$	+/- 5%	+/- 10%	+/- 20%		
Botswanan pula	BWP	224	11	22	45		
Canadian dollar	CAD	35	2	4	7		
Egyptian pound	EGP	7 357 999	367 900	735 800	1 471 600		
Euro	EUR	91 515 433	4 575 772	9 151 543	18 303 087		
Ghanaian cedi	GHS	34 430	1 722	3 443	6 886		
Kenyan shilling	KES	20 441	1 022	2 044	4 088		
Malawian kwacha	MWK	2 902	145	290	580		
Namibian dollar	NAD	24 506	1 225	2 451	4 901		
Nigerian naira	NGN	183 703	9 185	18 370	36 741		
Ugandan shilling	UGX	29 316 504	1 465 825	2 931 650	5 863 301		
South African rand	ZAR	24 091 877	1 204 594	2 409 188	4 818 375		
Zambian kwacha	ZMW	19 168	958	1 917	3 834		
			7 628 361	15 256 722	30 513 445		

The closing foreign exchange rates at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
USD: BWP	13.95	13.42
USD: CAD	1.44	1.33
USD: EGP	50.83	30.92
USD: EUR	0.96	0.90
USD: GBP	0.81	0.78
USD: GHS	14.70	11.97
USD: KES	129.25	156.50
USD: MWK	1 734.01	1 683.37
USD: NAD	18.81	18.51
USD: NGN	1 548.99	951.79
USD: UGX	3 679.00	3 780.00
USD: ZAR	18.81	18.51
USD: ZMW	27.80	25.74

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Fund.

At year end, financial assets exposed to credit risk included debt instruments and cash and cash equivalents. Risk is mitigated by transacting on recognised exchanges where it is possible and practical. The compliance department of the Investment Adviser monitors the creditworthiness of the Fund's counterparties (e.g. brokers, custodians and banks) by reviewing their credit ratings, financial statements and press releases on a regular basis. In accordance with the investment restrictions as described in the Fund's Prospectus, no more than 10% of the Fund may be invested in any one corporate's debt securities. This limit does not apply to cash held in a bank. The Fund may own no more than 25% of any one corporate's outstanding debt. The sum of individual

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

corporate credit exposures exceeding 5% may not exceed 60% of the Fund. The Fund may not enter into uncovered derivative positions. The Investment Adviser's compliance department monitors compliance with applicable regulations and the investment mandate on a daily basis.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements represents redeemable shareholders' maximum exposure to credit risk. None of the financial assets disclosed in the financial statements are past due.

The following table provides an analysis of the credit quality of the Fund's debt securities and cash and cash equivalents at reporting date by rating agency category. The credit quality has been assessed by reference to independent credit rating agencies. Ratings are presented in ascending order of credit risk.

	2024	2023
CREDIT RATING	% OF DEBT SECURITIES	% OF DEBT SECURITIES
AAA	-	7.8
AA+	7.8	4.7
A+	-	0.3
A	-	3.5
BB+	2.8	4.6
BB-	15.4	
B+	14.6	32.5
В	21.1	14.0
B-	21.4	15.9
CCC	10.4	1.3
С	-	15.4
Unrated	6.5	
	100.0	100.0

Risk concentrations of the maximum exposure to credit risk

Concentration indicates the relative sensitivity of the Fund's performance to developments affecting a particular industry or geographical location. Concentrations of risk arise when a number of financial instruments or contracts are entered into with the same counterparty, or where a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or that have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk is managed by counterparty and geographical region.

The following table contains an analysis of the concentration of credit risk in the Fund's debt portfolio by geographical distribution (based on counterparties' country of domicile):

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Country of issuer on 31 December	2024 % of Fund	2023 % of Fund
South Africa	14.7	14.6
Ivory Coast	14.7	14.5
Nigeria	14.3	14.2
Senegal	12.4	12.3
Egypt	12.2	12.2
Ghana	9.8	9.7
Uganda	9.4	9.4
Benin	4.7	4.6
United States of America	3.6	3.5
Cash and accruals	2.9	3.7
Zambia	1.3	1.3
TOTAL	100.0	100.0

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund invests in markets that are considered emerging markets. Such markets are generally less mature and developed than those in advanced countries. Liquidity risk management rests with the Investment Manager, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Fund's short-, medium- and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements.

The Fund invests primarily in marketable securities and other financial instruments which, under normal market conditions, are readily convertible to cash. In addition, the Fund's policy is to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements and expected redemption requests.

Trade and other payables are expected to be settled within 30 days. Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares and distributions payable are settled within 30 days.

The Fund's redeemable shares are redeemable for cash or in specie (in kind) equal to the proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value. The Fund is therefore potentially exposed to weekly redemptions by the holders of redeemable shares.

The Fund may not borrow other than to meet redemptions. Such borrowing is limited to 10% of the Fund's net asset value and must be repaid as soon as practically possible. The Investment Manager's compliance department monitors compliance with the applicable requirements.

The Fund manages its obligation to repurchase shares when required to do so and its overall liquidity risk in the following ways:

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

- Where total members' redemptions on any dealing day are more than US\$5 000 000 or 2.5% of the total net
 asset value of the Fund (whichever is less), the Investment Manager may, at its discretion, redeem only 2.5%
 of the total net asset value of the Fund or US\$5 000 000 (whichever is less), on a pro rata basis among the
 members of Fund, per dealing day.
- If any redemption requests are not satisfied in full, the balance will be carried forward to the following dealing day, subject to the same 2.5% restriction.
- The Investment Manager retains the right to distribute all or part of the redemption proceeds in specie.

The following table analyses the contractual maturities of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 December 2024. Bonds, money market instruments and cash and cash equivalents have been disclosed exclusive of accrued interest to date for the purpose of the liquidity analysis.

	us\$					
Maturities	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 7 years	Greater than 7 years	Total
FINANCIAL ASSETS						321 136 395
Cash and cash equivalents	8 876 408	-	-	-	-	8 876 408
Money market instruments	-	12 339 839	-	-	-	12 339 839
Bonds	-	2 907 745	88 131 141	88 765 871	111 727 060	291 531 817
Trade and other receivables	-	8 388 331	-		-	8 388 331
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES						321 136 395
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares	318 670 905	-	-	-	-	318 670 905
Trade and other payables	-	2 465 490	-	-	-	2 465 490

The following table analyses the contractual maturities of the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities as at 31 December 2023.

	US\$					
Maturities	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	3 to 7 years	Greater than 7 years	Total
FINANCIAL ASSETS						309 558 368
Cash and cash equivalents	11 356 237	-		-	-	11 356 237
Money market instruments	-	5 911 580		-	-	5 911 580
Bonds	-	2 143 172	68 173 858	17 353 077	195 905 381	283 575 488
Trade and other receivables	-	8 715 064	-	-	-	8 715 064
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES						309 558 368
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares	309 475 168	-	-	-		309 475 168
Trade and other payables	_	83 200	-	-	-	83 200

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

6.2 Fair value

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets is determined with reference to quoted market prices. Financial assets at amortised cost are usually held for the instrument's entire life, being periods not exceeding a year. The carrying amount of these instruments closely approximates the fair value. For financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by using appropriate valuation techniques.

- Level 1 quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 those involving inputs that are directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 those with inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

In the event that the Fund's financial instruments are not measured at the quoted price in an active market, they are valued using observable inputs such as recently executed transaction prices in securities of the issuer or comparable issuers and yield curves. Financial instruments are valued using discounted cash flow analysis based on assumptions supported, where possible, by observable market prices or rates. To the extent that these inputs are observable, the Fund classifies the fair value of these instruments as level 2.

The Fund holds investments in listed and unlisted debt instruments. Debt instruments which are listed on an active exchange are classified as level 1. Non-listed debt instruments which are valued using observable inputs are classified as level 2.

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents is generally considered to be the amount held on deposit at the relevant institution. Where no credit spread is applied, the carrying amount approximates fair value.

Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares are classified as level 2 as the shares are not listed in an active market. It derives its value from instruments which are classified as a combination of level 1 and level 2. Transfers between levels, if any, of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the beginning of the reporting period.

The following table analyses financial instruments, measured at fair value at 31 December 2024, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

		US\$	
	Quoted market prices (Level 1)	Observable inputs (Level 2)	Total
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Money market instruments	12 339 839	-	12 339 839
Bonds	277 152 043	14 379 774	291 531 817
	289 491 882	14 379 774	303 871 656
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares	_	318 670 905	318 670 905
	-	318 670 905	318 670 905

There were no transfers between levels during the year ended 31 December 2024.

The following table analyses financial instruments, measured at fair value at 31 December 2023, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised.

		US\$	
	Quoted market prices (Level 1)	Observable inputs (Level 2)	Total
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Money market instruments	-	5 911 580	5 911 580
Bonds	282 973 692	601 795	283 575 487
	282 973 692	6 513 375	289 487 067
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES			
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares	-	309 475 168	309 475 168
		309 475 168	309 475 168

There were no transfers between levels during the year ended 31 December 2023.

7. Share capital

	Allan Gray Africa Bond Fund Limited
Fund shares par value (per share)	US\$ 0.0001
Authorised Fund shares	99 990 000
Founder shares par value (per share)	US\$ 0.01
Authorised and issued Founder shares	100

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Fund share transactions	Class A	Class B	Class C	Total
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2022	113 620	2 070 034	8 569	2 192 223
Net decrease in shares	(24 473)	(394 416)	(1 728)	(420 617)
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2023	89 147	1 675 618	6 841	1 771 606
Net (decrease)/increase in shares	(22 398)	(116 587)	750	(138 235)
BALANCE AT 31 DECEMBER 2024	66 749	1 559 031	7 591	1 633 372

Fund share transactions US\$	2024	2023
Subscriptions	2 300 093	4 665 696
Redemptions	(27 359 610)	(68 296 241)
NET CAPITAL REDEMPTIONS	(25 059 517)	(63 630 545)

Net asset value per share	Class A US\$	Class B US\$	Class C US\$
On 31 December 2023	165.65	175.20	167.29
On 31 December 2024	184.27	195.61	186.44

Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares

The redeemable participating shares are issued as Class A, Class B or Class C shares, which participate pro rata in the Fund's net assets and income distributions, and are redeemable and non-voting. The Fund's capital is represented by these redeemable participating shares. Quantitative information about the Fund's capital is provided in the Statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares.

Founder shares

Founder shares do not participate in the Fund's portfolio, are redeemable at par value only after all Fund shares have been redeemed, and carry the right to vote. If the Fund is wound up or dissolved, the Founder shares will participate only to the extent of their par value. All of the authorised Founder shares of the Fund have been issued as fully paid and are held by the Investment Manager. The Founder shares are classified as a trade and other payable in the Statement of financial position.

Income distributions

No income distributions were declared by the Fund for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023. The Fund is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 December 2024

8. Related party transactions

The Investment Manager held all of the authorised and issued Founder shares of the Fund. Further details on the number of shares held and their value are disclosed in Note 7.

At 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the directors of the Fund did not hold any shares directly and indirectly in the Fund. The directors of the Investment Manager held shares directly in the Fund at 31 December 2024. The number of shares held were 384 (2023: 384).

At 31 December 2024, the Allan Gray Unit Trust Funds and the Allan Gray Namibia Funds collectively held 1 225 091 (2023: 1 308 717) shares in the Fund. Allan Gray Life Limited, a subsidiary of the Investment Adviser, held 193 499 (2023: 209 742) shares in the Fund. The Allan Gray Orbis Foundation (RF) NPC held 5 613 (2023: Nil) shares.

No rights, contingent or otherwise, to subscribe for shares have been granted to the Investment Manager, the Investment Manager's directors or the directors of the Fund. During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the Investment Manager did not acquire or dispose of shares in the Fund.

The directors of the Fund received total fees of US\$15 000 from the Fund (2023: US\$15 000). During the financial year ended 31 December 2024, one of the directors waived their fee of US\$5 000 (2023: US\$5 000).

The Investment Manager's fee is 1% and 0.7% per annum for Class A and Class C respectively, which is accrued weekly in arrears. Affiliates of the Investment Manager within the Allan Gray group manage global asset portfolios for their clients as well as a number of Allan Gray's institutional asset pools and collective investment schemes (collectively 'the Institutional Clients'). To avoid the layering of fees, applicable Institutional Clients are invested in the Class B shares and are not charged a fee in the Fund.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the management fees incurred by the Fund were US\$143 236 (2023: US\$146 776). At 31 December 2024, the management fees payable by the Fund were US\$11 721 (2023: US\$23 657).

CHARACTERISTICS AND DIRECTORY

Domicile and structure

Bermuda open-ended investment company

Regulation

The Fund is incorporated and registered under the laws of Bermuda and is supervised by the Bermuda Monetary Authority. The Fund is also listed on the Bermuda Stock Exchange.

Registered Office

Clarendon House 2 Church Street

Hamilton HM11

Bermuda

Company Secretary

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM11

Bermuda

Directors

Craig T Bodenstab BCom MBA CFA John C R Collis BCom BA (Jurisprudence) Elizabeth Denman BA (Hons) LLB

Tapologo Motshubi BCom (Hons) CA (SA) ACPA CFA

Investment Manager

Allan Gray Bermuda Limited

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM11

Bermuda

Investment Adviser

Allan Gray Proprietary Limited

1 Silo Square

V&A Waterfront

Cape Town 8001

South Africa

Primary Custodian

Standard Bank of South Africa Limited

Investor Services

2nd Floor

25 Sauer Street

Johannesburg

South Africa

Auditors

Ernst & Young Ltd.

3 Bermudiana Road

Hamilton HM08

Bermuda

Administrator, Registrar and Transfer Agent

Allan Gray Proprietary Limited

1 Silo Square

V&A Waterfront

Cape Town 8001

South Africa

Email allangraybermuda@allangray.com

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda **E** allangraybermuda@allangray.com www.allangray.com